# Twitter Thread by Michael Harriot





I know I've been beating this redlining and wealth gap drum for 20+ years but here is a GREAT cliffs notes version.

But don't take @ambermruffin's word for it. You should get references...

#### A thread

How did systemic racism get so dang strong? Find out a few of the like bajilliondy ways in our new segment, How Did We Get Here! pic.twitter.com/f4HflSckXh

- amber ruffin (@ambermruffin) January 30, 2021

How homes in Black neighborhoods are undervalued by \$156 billion

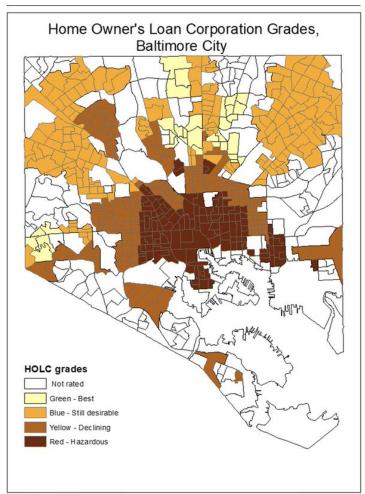
#### https://t.co/GAAdpglkRp

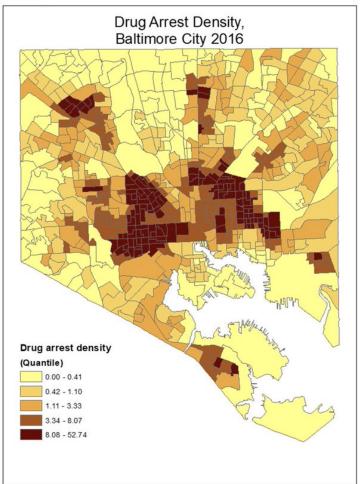
Every major bank in the US has been sued for mortgage discrimination and a study that included every mortgage in America found that Banks charge higher interest rates to nonblack customers

https://t.co/Vohs3vQcgs

#### https://t.co/sx9tWWB98s

Baltimore redlined areas in 1935 vs Baltimore Drug arrests in 2016





### https://t.co/Dc8ehuyFyu

When she said Blacks and whites use illegal drugs at the same rate. That came from the National Survey on Drug Abuse and Health, which includes weed as an illegal drug.

Now that marijuana is legal in most states, experts think illegal drug use will skew white.

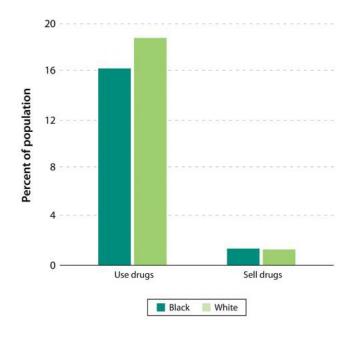
FIGURE 6A.

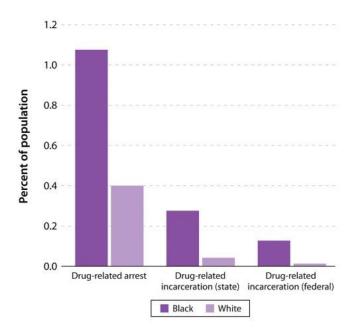
Rates of Drug Use and Sales, by Race

FIGURE 6B.

## Rates of Drug-Related Criminal Justice Measures, by Race

At the state level, blacks are about 6.5 times as likely as whites to be incarcerated for drug-related crimes.





FBI 2015; authors' calculations,

BROOKINGS

Source: BLS n.d.c; Carson 2015; Census Bureau n.d.; FBI 2015; authors' calculations.

The average nonwhite school district gets \$2,226 less per student

https://t.co/KpvNsRAEEH

https://t.co/n5dvFCxktr