

## Twitter Thread by ShanghaiPanda



**ShanghaiPanda**

[@thinking\\_panda](#)



The CCTV's program is discussing China's eliminating poverty.  
Today's theme is that govt should provide more sports facilities for remote areas and advocate healthier lifestyle.  
China's experience is that eliminating poverty  $\neq$  giving money, but providing sustainable solutions.

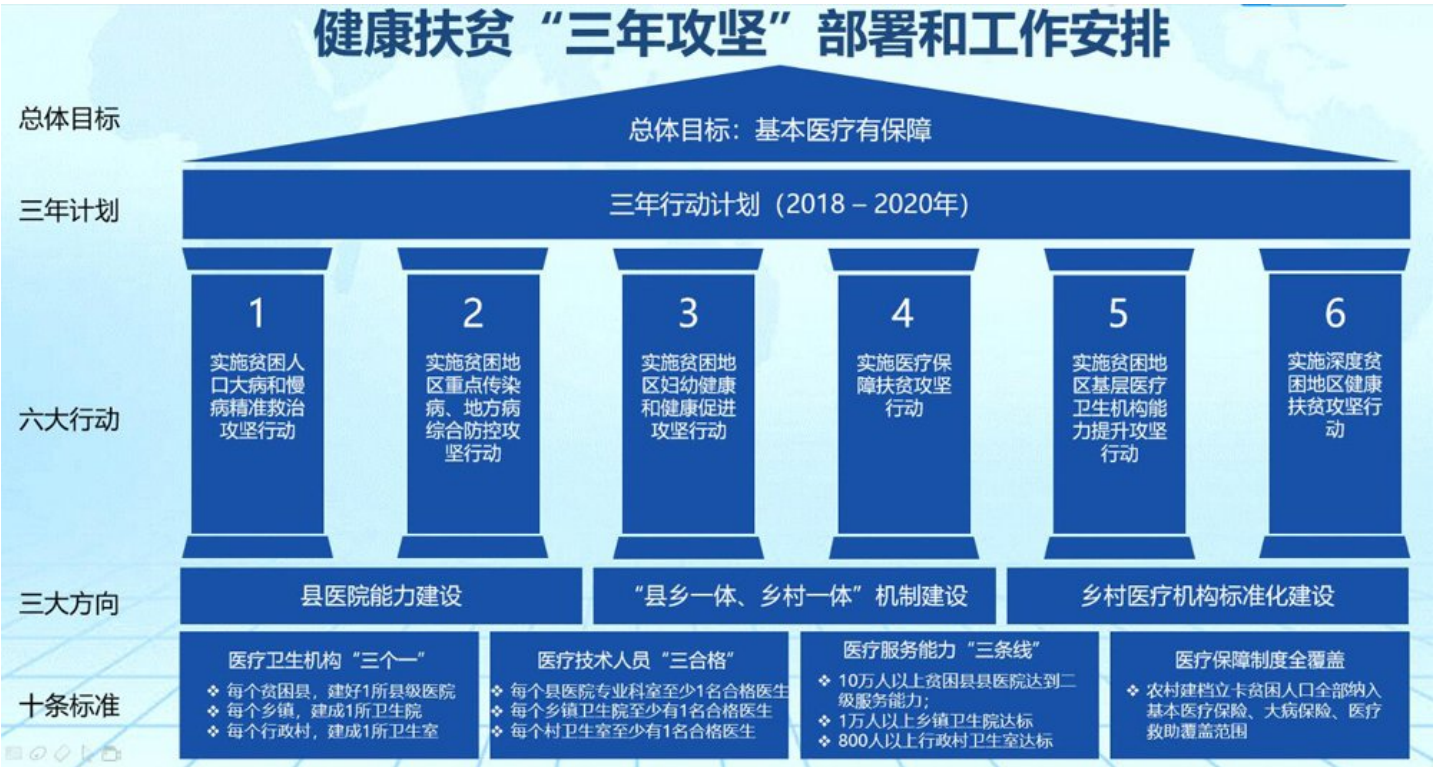


By the end of December 2019, China's rural poor people's participation in medical insurance rate has reached 99.99%.  
More than 16 million poor people in China have received basic treatment services.

The China govt has formulated a three-year action plan to achieve the overall goal of ensuring basic medical care for the rural poor.

There are three main goals, six special actions and ten working standards.

It's called "health poverty alleviation plan".



Since 2016, China's Health Commission, poverty alleviation Bureau and other govt departments have organized nearly one million staff to investigate the prevalence of poverty people in all rural areas, and establish data platform to achieve accurate management.



China has constructed a mechanism of basic medical insurance, serious illness medical insurance and medical assistance linkage system.

All the insurance level has been improved.

Within three years, the govt has subsidized more than 10 billion yuan.

## 统一制度，提高整体保障能力

### 基本医保



2018 新增 **40元**  
每人每年不低于 **490元**

2019 新增 **30元**  
每人每年不低于 **520元**



新增 **40元**  
每人每年不低于 **220元**

新增 **30元**  
每人每年不低于 **250元**

60%  
中部地区

80%  
西部地区

一定比例补助  
东部地区

中央财政  
补助新增部分

50%



### 大病保险

2018年人均筹资标准  
增加 **20元**

2019年人均筹资标准  
增加 **15元**



### 医疗救助

中央财政持续加大医疗救助补助资金投入

投入城乡医疗  
救助补助资金



2018 **235亿元**

2019 **245亿元**

2018年起中央财政连续三年通过医疗救助资金渠道安排补助资金**100亿元**

用于提高深度贫困地区农村贫困人口医疗保障水平，加强医疗救助托底保障。

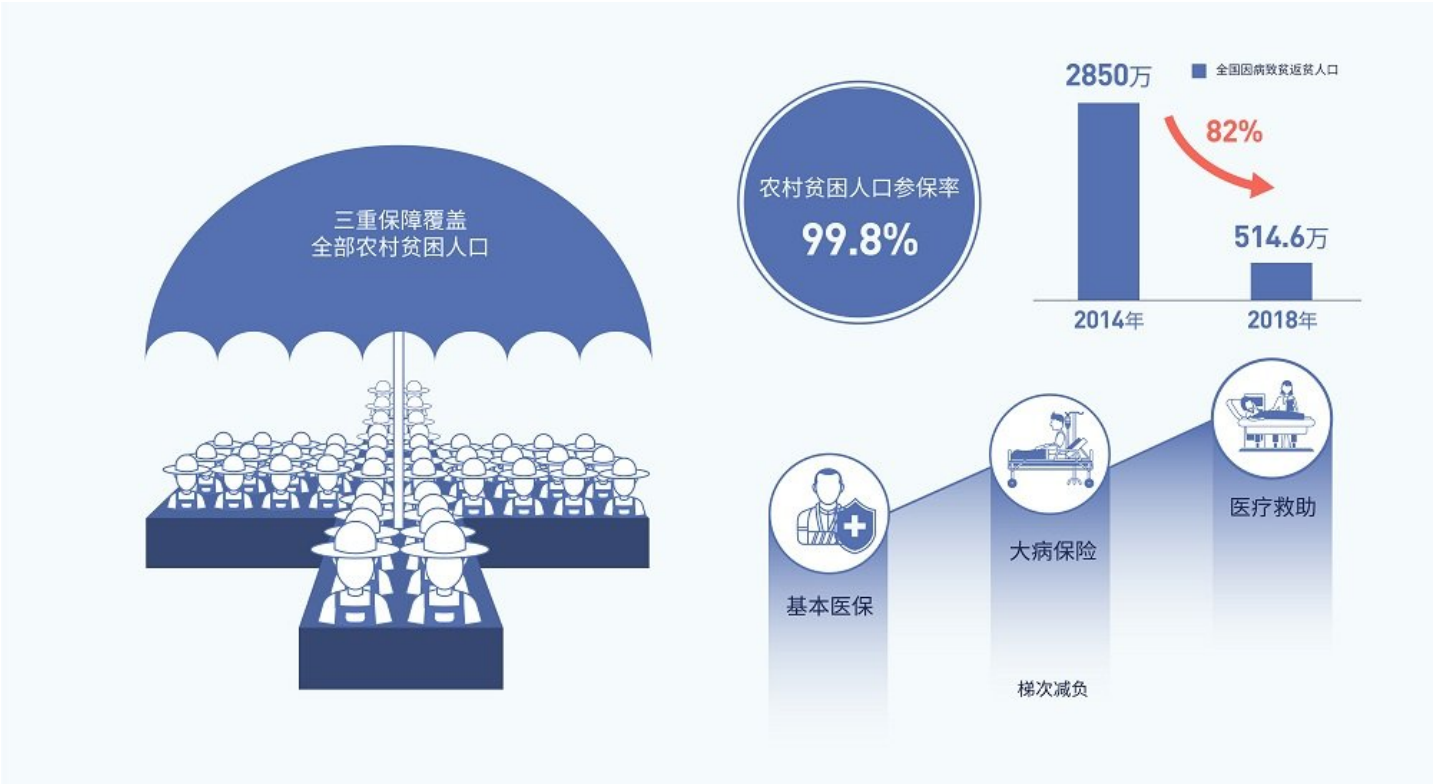


**40亿元**



**40亿元**

Within three years, the govt has invested 11.8 billion yuan to subsidize 76.74 million poor people to join medical insurance. China has basically achieved full coverage of being triple-guaranteed, ensuring that all people have medical insurance.



For example, rural cataract patients in poverty will be treated by the hospital designated by govt, and the treatment cost is subsidized by govt.

■In June 2019, poor cataract patients in Gucheng village, Hefeng County, Hubei Province were treated in the county people's hospital.



In order to improve the service capacity of county-level hospitals in poverty areas, the China govt has organized 1007 high-level hospitals from big cities to support 1172 county-level hospitals in 832 poverty counties. And remote-medicine technology is used to treat patients.



The above is a brief introduction to China's "healthy poverty alleviation".  
China govt has made very great efforts to eradicate poverty.  
The actual situation is much more complicated than what I have told.  
I have to praise our govt.

## 数说医保扶贫成效

保障到位，基本医保应保尽保  
(截至2019年底)

全国基本医保参保人数 **135436**万人  
基本医保参保率 **95%**以上

农村贫困人口参保率 **99.99%**以上  
三区三州等深度贫困地区参保率达 **100%**

因病致贫返贫人口大幅减少  
(截至2018年底)

因病致贫返贫人口从2014年的 **2850**万人，减少至 **514.6**万人，降幅达 **82%**

2018年“三区三州”因病致贫人口较上年减少 **16.3**万人

其他深度贫困地区因病致贫人口较上年减少 **109.3**万人



[@threadreaderapp](#) unroll

My new thread, "health poverty alleviation of the China government".