

Twitter Thread by [sriram ■■](#)



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There are advantages and disadvantages - I don't want to go into detail since I don't want to cause any havoc right now because my perspectives on things differ.
[@NAN DINI](#) [@UshaNirmala](#) [@ShefVaidya](#)

<https://t.co/9K9xO8zNqr>

Once the government decided to repeal 3 farm laws, tweets regarding taking back CAA NRC began! Even political leaders like Owaisi gave speeches on protests against CAA NRC & creating more Shaheen Bagh! [#FarmLaws](#) [#FarmLawsRepealed](#) [#FarmersProtest](#) [#CAA](#) pic.twitter.com/ZMe9yZ2OJu

— Young Moves Media (@YoungMovesMedia) [November 29, 2021](#)

The main advantage is that APMC mandis in the United States limit primary commodity sales to inside their boundaries, and these mandis have entry restrictions. The majority of the time, the mandi licence is only given to those who own a go down within the APMC.

The e-NAM was established; however, the Centre is dissatisfied with its performance due to the States' lack of enthusiasm.

When we talk about farming issues, our fears and concerns take precedence over a rational approach.

There will be no consultations between state governments and the federal government. Furthermore, agriculture is on the State List, and until recently, States have believed that agriculture trade is solely their domain.

Markets and fairs are listed as Entry 26 in the State List, and trade and commerce inside the State is listed as Entry 24 in the Concurrent List. Entry 33 deals with food trade and commerce inside the state.

The Centre is given authority for inter-state trade and commerce in Entry 42 of the Union List. States never expected the Centre to employ the Concurrent List and Union List powers.

Weakening APMC Mandis is interpreted as abandoning MSP support.

The farmer will always be the weakest party in any transaction due to a lack of awareness.

Farmers/farmers producer organizations feel deceived by their purchasers wherever agriculture markets are liberalized, according to press sources.

The government should allay fears and concerns, and comprehensive engagement with all parties is essential. These reforms have been long needed, and the government should move forward with the confidence that farmers' interests will be protected.