

Twitter Thread by ■■■■■■■■



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#Thread on Swastika

Meaning-

Swastika (■■■■■■■■■■) = Su (■■) + Asti (■■■■■■) + Ka(■)

- Su(■■) means Shubh(■■■■) i.e auspicious or welfare
- Asti(■■■■■■) means be/happen or exist. It stand for power or existence.
- Ka(■) stands for doer or performer i.e Karta(■■■■■■)



So, Swasti means Be Auspicious or Be Welfare
and Swastika means Auspicious/Welfare Doer.
It is also believed to be a symbol of good, auspicious and welfare from ancient times.

History-

The journey of Swastika from its origin to today's world is filled with mysteries and

broken links of evidences spread over different ages of civilization.

According to a research published by IIT kharagpur-

"The Vedas also have a mention of various forms of Swastika. 1.89.6 of Rig Veda, gives a brief introduction of Swastika in the cosmos,

ॐ भद्रं कर्णेभिः शृणुयाम देवाः ॥ भद्रं पश्येमाक्षभिर्यजत्राः ॥
 स्थिरैरङ्गैस्तुष्टुवाग्मस्तनूभिः ॥ व्यज्रेम देवहितं यदायुः ॥
 स्वस्ति न इन्द्रो वृद्धश्रवाः ॥ स्वस्ति नः पूषा विश्ववेदाः ॥
 स्वस्ति नस्तार्क्ष्यो अरिष्टनेमिः ॥ स्वस्ति नो बृहस्पतिर्दधातु ॥
 ॐ शान्तिः शान्तिः शान्तिः ॥

Translation: *Illustrious far and wide, May
 Indra prosper us: may Pūsan prosper us, the
 Master of all wealth.*

*May Tārksya with uninjured fellies prosper us:
 Brhaspati vouchsafe to us prosperity. (Rig
 Veda 1.89.6) (Translation by- Ralph T.H.
 Griffith, 1896)*

with the higher level of Indra, Pusha, Tarksya and Brihaspati at the macrocosmic level and seeking their blessing is the man at microcosmic level. Lusha Dhanaka Rishi explains the various manifestations of the Swastika in the 10:35 and 36 Suktas of Rig Veda.”

The graphic form of in Indus Valley seals are the earliest recorded swastikas in India. The epic of Ramayana also mentions the symbol embossed in the boat that ferried Lord Rama while the Mahabharata describes the Chakra-Vyuh or the Swastika maze.

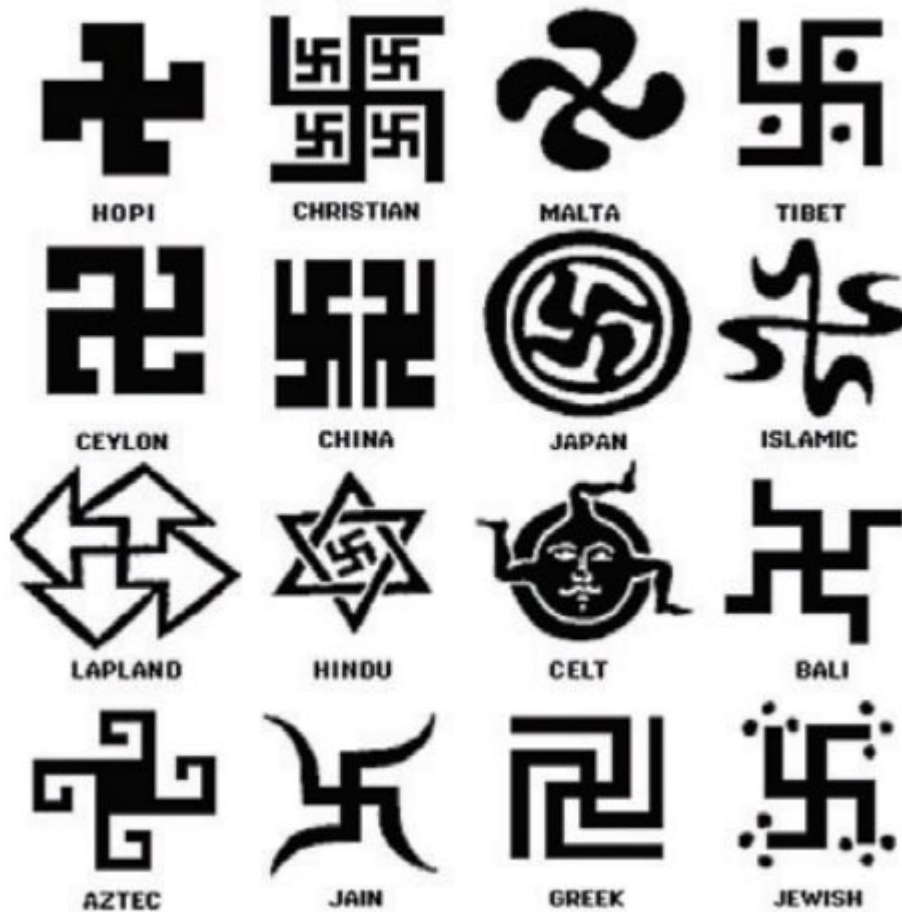


Figure 1- Various forms of Swastika (welshmythology.com)

However, The oldest known figurine carved with a recognizable swastika dating to 10,000-13,000 BCE was found in Mezine Ukraine. In the Balkans, the swastika has been used for at least the past 8,000 years. The Indus-Saraswati civilization used

the swastika extensively with



archeological evidence dating back to at least 4,000 BCE showing its usage. Apart from it, the swastika was also used in China, Tibet, America, Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Australia etc.

Structure and Significance:

There are majorly 2 types of Swastika:

- 1.Right (■)
- 2.Left (■)



Swastika is made of two lines, both lines are drawn and divided at right angles and the heads/terminals of them are stretched in left to right direction in such a way that they don't touch/meet.

Symbolism and beliefs:



Right Swastika is a symbol of Nar & Left Swastika is a symbol of Nari.

- The horizontal lines of Swastika is a symbol of Creation of Universe or Jyotirlinga & vertical lines is a symbol of Expansion of Universe
- The center point of Swastika is believed to be ■■■■ ■■■■ i.e



Navel Lotus of Vishnu from where the Universe is originated.

Only right Swastika is almost used and reverse (left) Swastika is believed inauspicious sometime.

In Hinduism Swastikas are drawn before starting any work with a belief that work will be good, auspicious & welfare.



Four lines are symbol of as follows:

- Four head of Brahma
- Four Vedas
- Four infinite directions
- Four types of welfare/auspicious
- Four Ashram, Varna or Purushartha

Besides, Swastika has also very significance in Jyotisha and Vastu Shashtra.



Swastika & Om:

■ can be taken in the form of ■. According to some scholars, in the beginning of knowledge of Lipi/script, it is created in liner form instead of circular form. In the transformation/conversion of ■ in to script ■ is naturally formed.



Similar to Om which is believed to be full with divine guna, auspicious and elimination of disturbance (Vighnaharta) as having the power of Utpatti(creation), Sthiti(state) and Laya(Dissolution), Swastika is also believed having the habitat of Paramatma with power of creation,

The celestial positions of the Seven Sages (Ursa Majoris or the Great Bear) are eternally revolving with an objective of establishing complete truth, consciousness and beatitude around the highest and fixed heaven - "*Tad Vishnu param padam*" (Polaris or The Dhruvapadam) [Rig Veda: 10.82.1-2; *Srimad Bhagavatam*: 5.22.17].



The revolution (dynamics) around the highest fixed point (statics) has been conceived in four cardinal quadrants meaning - a) the involution of the universal manifest of the Vast (the macrocosm) from That infinite backdrop; b) the further evolution and extension (path of *Tantra*) of the individual consciousness within it (the microcosm) which is *Aristonemy* ; c) the return of the individual to that vast (the path of *Yoga*), which is *Indra*; and d) the re-establishment, fostering (*Pusha*) and complete resurrection of the Individual as The Lord of the Vast (*Vrihaspati*) and beyond to That infinite for generating the next cycle or *Kalpa*. Thus the Soul becomes triple founded - individual, universal and the Absolute transcendental.

The idea takes the form of the four seasons - autumn, winter, spring and summer. The universal pattern as coded in the Vedic mantras and decoded as realisation (*dharana*) by the *Mantradrastra* or the *Rishis* is *Swastika*.

५२ भद्रं कर्णेभिः शृणुयाम देवाः ॥ भद्रं पश्येमाक्षभिर्यथा ॥
 निश्चिन्तेमृदुवाचां तनुमभिः ॥ ज्येष्ठेभ्यो देवर्षिभ्यो नमः ॥
 स्वास्ति न इन्द्रो वृद्धश्रवाः ॥ स्वास्ति नः पूषा विश्वदेवाः ॥
 स्वास्ति यमताक्षरो अश्विनेभ्यः ॥ स्वास्ति नो बृहस्पतिर्दधानु ॥
 ५३ आग्निः आग्निः आग्निः ॥

The Rig Veda: 1.89.6

state and dissolution but with secondary/lower art comparatively to AUM.

Association with Hitler:

It may surprise you that Hitler himself never used the term swastika for his Symbol. He took it from christianity, which was known as hooked cross.

What was Hitler's party symbol and where did he find it?

It is a common misconception that Hitler used the Swastika symbol. **But Hitler himself never used the word "Swastika" to refer to his symbol.** He called it "Hooked Cross" ("Haken Kreuz").

Hitler first saw the Hooked Cross symbol in a Christian monastery (Lambach Abbey) which he attended as a boy[11]. He later adopted it as an emblem for his party. There is no evidence that he ever heard of the word "Swastika". Hooked Cross had been a sacred symbol of Christianity since its inception in ancient days and it is very natural to find Hooked Cross symbol in old churches and chapels.

The association of swastika happened with Hitler only when his book Mein Kampf (which was in German language) was translated in English by James Murphy as he replaced the term 'hooked cross' with Swastika.

"Hakenkreuz" means "hooked cross" because, for Hitler's socialists, it was a type of cross and was used to represent crossed "S" letters for "SOCIALIST," as Dr. Curry explained. The misnomer "swastika" was substituted for "Hakenkreuz" to hide German socialism's origin in American Christian Socialism, via Francis Bellamy (author of the "Pledge of Allegiance") and his cousin Edward Bellamy (author of "Looking Backward" -the origin of the National Socialist movement).

Current policy at the NYT is to libel a foreign symbol (the swastika) in order to conceal the truth about what German socialists called their symbol (Hakenkreuz or "hooked cross").¹⁰¹ It is related